## Calculus I, Chapter 3 Exam

## Fall 2018

- You may not collaborate on this exam; do not work with others.
- This exam is open notes, open book. This exam is untimed, but unless I hear otherwise, I expect you to finish by 4:00pm on Wednesday November 14, 2018.
- When you are done with the exam, give it to me or put it under my door. Please don't put it my mailbox.
- To receive full credit on most of these problems you must show your work clearly. You can check your work with a computer, but you need to make your calculational methods clear.
- 1. Let f(10) = 5, g(10) = 3, f(4) = 2, g(4) = 10,  $f'(10) = \frac{1}{3}$ , g'(10) = 4, f'(4) = 7, g'(4) = -4. If h(x) = 2f(x)g(x), and w(x) = f(g(x)).
  - (a) Find h(10).
  - (b) Find h'(10).
  - (c) Find w(4).
  - (d) Find w'(4).
- 2. Find the derivative of the following functions:

(a) 
$$f(x) = 613 + (5 - 3x^2)^{69}$$

(b) 
$$f(x) = \frac{e^{2x}}{(1-x)^2}$$

(c) 
$$f(x) = 2^x \cos(3x)$$

(d) 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{3x + \cos(3x)}$$

(e) 
$$f(x) = \frac{3}{x^2} + 7 + 2\ln(3x)$$

(f) 
$$f(x) = e^{-5x^2}$$

- 3. (a) What is the  $523^{\text{rd}}$  derivative of  $g(x) = 17x^{42}$ ?
  - (b) What is the  $44^{th}$  derivative of  $h(x) = \sin(x)$ ?
  - (c) What is the 25<sup>th</sup> derivative of  $f(x) = e^{3x}$ ?
- 4. Find the local linearization of  $f(x) = \ln(1+5x)$  at x = 0.
- 5. Let  $g(x) = x^3 3x^2 + 17$ .
  - (a) Find and classify all critical points of g(x). Determine x and y values exactly. Don't just estimate them from a graph.
  - (b) For what values of x is g(x) concave down? Solve for x exactly—don't just look at a graph and approximate the answer.