Class 01: Accumulated Change Calculus II College of the Atlantic. January 6, 2025



Figure 1: Unicorns with cupcakes and, surprisingly, a Rubik's cube. Image by rawpixel.com. Image source https://www.rawpixel.com/image/515491/cute-unicorn-stickers

1. A remote island has a population of unicorns. Let u(t) denote the *rate* at which the unicorn biomass is changing, in units of kg/month, where t is measured in months since January 1, 2025. Values for u(t) are shown in the table below.

t	u(t)
0	30
2	40
4	55
6	55
8	60
10	70
12	75

- (a) By how much has the unicorn biomass changed¹ of the unicorns after two months?
- (b) By how much has the unicorn biomass changed after four months?
- (c) By how much has the unicorn biomass changed after one year?
- (d) Muse on the difference between your upper and lower estimates.
- (e) The biomass of unicorns on January 1, 2025 was 400 kg. What is the unicorn biomass on January 1, 2026?
- (f) If the biomass of unicorns on January 1, 2025 was 1000 kg. What is the unicorn biomass on January 1, 2026?

¹You can't determine this exactly. (Why??) Instead, you can come up with an upper and lower estimate.

- 2. At dinnertime, whoever is cooking dinner rings the dinner bell when food is ready. A unicorn hears the bell, and after a short delay runs to get dinner. The unicorn runs at a velocity of 10 m/s for 4 seconds. How far has the unicorn run?
- 3. A different unicorn hears the bell, waits, and then starts running quickly and then slows down. The unicorn's velocity is given by v(t), where v is measured in m/s, and t is measured in seconds since the bell rang. Values for v(t) are shown in the table below:

ſ	t	v(t)
	2	20
	4	15
	6	10
	8	5
	10	0

- (a) How far has the unicorn run? As before, you can't figure this out exactly.
- (b) Or wait, maybe you *can* figure it out exactly?
- 4. A different unicorn hears the dinner bell and runs to dinner. Its velocity is given by the v(t) values shown below.

t	v(t)
6	20
8	15
10	10
12	5
14	0

- (a) How far has this unicorn run?
- 5. Yet another unicorn hears the dinner bell and runs to dinner. Its velocity is given by the v(t) values shown below.

t	v(t)
2	40
4	23
6	10
8	2.5
10	0

- (a) How far has this unicorn run?
- (b) Is it possible to figure out the distance exactly? If not, what would you need to get a better estimate of the distance the unicorn has ran?