

# Solar PV

## Physics and Mathematics of Sustainable Energy

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1. The average insolation in Bar Harbor, ME, is  $4.29 \text{ kWh/day/m}^2$ . Convert this to  $\text{W/m}^2$ .
2. The solar intensity in Portland, OR, is around  $160 \text{ W/m}^2$ . Convert this to  $\text{kWh/day/m}^2$ .
3. The solar intensity in Hancock County, Maine is around  $160 \text{ W/m}^2$ . Convert this to  $\text{kWh/day/m}^2$ .
4. A typical new house in the US might have around  $50 \text{ m}^2$  of rooftop on which solar panels can be installed. The average monthly electricity consumption for a US home is around  $900 \text{ kWh/month}$ .
  - (a) How much electrical energy would be generated by these solar panels in a month? In a year?
  - (b) How much would a year's worth of this electricity be worth in Maine?
  - (c) How does this amount of electricity compare to the electricity used in the home?
  - (d) How does this compare to the total amount energy used in the US per person per year?
  - (e) If this electricity displaced electricity that was generated with a carbon intensity of  $450 \text{ g of CO}_2$ , how much less  $\text{CO}_2$  would be emitted as a result? Is this a little or a lot?
5. Suppose we want to generate  $50 \text{ kWh}$  of electricity per day from solar for each person in the U.S.
  - (a) How much area is required per person? Assume that we have solar farms that get  $10 \text{ W/m}^2$ .
  - (b) How much land would it take to do this for every person in the U.S.?
  - (c) How big an area is this? (What size square has this area?)