

## Vector Spaces

Which of the following sets are vector spaces. Unless otherwise stated, assume that “+” and “·” have their usual meaning.

1. The vector  $\vec{0} = (0, 0, 0, 0)$
2. The vectors  $\vec{v}_1 = (1, 0)$  and  $\vec{v}_2 = (2, 3)$
3.  $V = \{ \vec{v} = (4 - 3r, 1 - 2r, r) \mid r \in \mathbb{R} \}$
4.  $W = \{ \vec{w} = (a^2, a, b) \mid a, b \in \mathbb{R} \}$
5.  $U = \{ \vec{u} = (u_1, u_2, u_3) \mid u_i \in \{0, 1\} \}$
6.  $B = \{ f(x) = b_0 + b_1x + b_2x^2 \mid b_i \in \mathbb{R} \}$
7. The set  $\{ f \mid f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \}$  of all real-valued functions of one natural number variable, where the addition and scalar multiplication operations are defined by:

$$(f_1 + f_2)(n) = f_1(n) + f_2(n) , \quad (1)$$

and

$$(r \cdot f)(n) = rf(n) . \quad (2)$$